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MAY 1st, 1868.
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RUPTURE.

TALKING IT OVER.

Highest and Humble Hill Negotiating for a Settlement of Their Difficulties.

A Prediction by M. de Girardin that War Has Been Averted for at Least a Year.

Bold Towns, However, Reluctant Their Dependence Upon Opponent—The Bank Rubbish.

STORM AND FLOOD.

Great Destruction Done by the Recent Rainfall in Kansas, Nebraska, and Missouri.

Several Persons Drowned and Thousands of Cattle Lost—Crops Destroyed by Washouts.

Loss of Life in Texas—Arkansas River Rising—Rise in Colorado, Until Now in Vermont.

THE SALMON BLADE.

ONE DEATH.

MISSISSIPPI AFFAIRS.

STATE AFFAIRS.

AT SPRINGFIELD.

The Citizens' Association and Chicago Election Bills Passed by the Senate.

Passage of the Railway Consolidation Bill by the House—Three Cents Reserve.

The $500 License Bill Tabled—Two Several Salaries Going Before Its Passage.

Springfield, Ill., April 24.—[Special.]—The election bill of the Citizens' Association had been made a special order on third reading in the Senate for Senator Clough, and would be pushed as far as Saturday's regular business. There was no discussion on the bill and it was passed—yeas 31, nays 7. The negative votes were cast by Hamilton and Kelly, Democrats, Senator Wilson was the only Republican present and who lodged a vote.

Senator Farwell also got the general election bill passed. Should the Governor fail to get through the House in time to submit to the Senate those acts which must be submitted to the people, the bill would still stand over until it is known if it becomes a law. The vote on passing the bill was 30 yeas and 8 nays. The negative votes were cast by the following Democrats: Cassell, Hamilton, Kelly, McElroy, Morris and Vogel. Senator Wilson was the only Republican present and voted with the majority.

In addition to the Chicago charter bill, the election problem which remains for the Legislature to solve is the passage of a bill to submit such amendment to the Constitution as may be recommended by the Legislative Commission of Cook county, providing for the appointment of election and assistant officers for Chicago, and such other amendments as the commission may deem necessary.

The House Committee on Judiciary reported back the bill to prevent the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes, with the recommendation that it do not pass. Senator Williams moved to concur in the report of the committee, and upon this motion a long debate ensued. Senator Williams said that the bill was drawn by the committee of conference, and was intended to prevent the issuance of injunctions in cases of strikes. Senator Farwell

NEW YORK.

Items Supporting Mr. Pullingham's Mental Condition Denied by His Physicians.

An Alleged Chicago Druggist Gives a Bad Character to His Wife.

Financial Fanatic Involving Members of the State Cabinet, Bond Mistrust and Recession.

THE RAILROADS.

Spreading of the Freight Wars to Local Territory—A Scrap in Lumber Rates.

A Question for the Pacific Coast Associations—East-Bound Freight Rates.

A COMMENDABLE SCHEME.

A SUNDAY BAPTISMAL.

THE WORLD'S DISTILLERS.

THE GRAND ARMY.

The Present Commander-General's Eulogy of His Predecessor at the Meeting of the Army of the Tennessee in This City Five Years Ago.

THE MYSTERY OF NIAGARA.

A CHICAGO BRIDGE DISASTER.

A CHICAGO BOY.

A CHICAGO STEAMER.

A CHICAGO MAN.

A CHICAGO FIRM.

A CHICAGO INVENTION.

A CHICAGO CORPORATION.

A CHICAGO CONTRACT.

A CHICAGO CASE.

A CHICAGO CHARTER.

A CHICAGO CONCERN.

A CHICAGO CRIME.

A CHICAGO CONVICT.

A CHICAGO CASUALTY.

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1885.

Queen Victoria has arrived at Darmstadt.

The Prince and Princess of Wales were warmly greeted at Berlin, Leipsic, yesterday.

The 22d anniversary of the birth of Shakespeare was celebrated with much ceremony at Stratford-on-Avon yesterday.

The City Council last evening refused to amend the saloon-license ordinance, and the old license of $100 for beer and $500 for spirits will be retained.

The Commissioners from Illinois who are urging W. J. McKnight for J. M. Scott's place as United States Marshal are said to be confident that their candidate will win.

Notice has been received from Coolgardie, by way of Galgoa, to the effect that the telegraphic have completed a French gold, captured several guns, and numerous enemy flotillas.

It is announced from Washington that the Administration has resolved to make no more "interesting" appointments. Attention will be taken to gold by geography and the Democratic vote.

In the joint session of the Illinois Legislature yesterday two ballots were taken. Both resulted in 100 votes being cast for Logan for United States Senator. The Democrats refused to participate in the balloting.

Gen. Sheridan, his wife, Mrs. U. S. Grant, and Mrs. Barlow went for a drive at noon yesterday. The General showed unmistakable signs of improvement yesterday. His weight at present is 141 pounds. Three months ago it was 120 pounds.

Two members of the English Government maintain the private views in regard to the negotiations which are still actively progressing between England and Russia. The Czar has hereby manifested his disposition to compromise, to protect his frontier and the Baltic ports.

Sir Erskine Perry's estate for the Lucknow mission are thought to have been damaged by the wicked conspiracy now proved, which evidently will attribute to a little affair of twenty-odd years ago almost as important as the nation's public integrity.

The able understandings report now under consideration by the authorities at Washington is a voluminous document. It fully sustains the charges made from time to time by Chicago inspectors, and asks both that the frauds have been of frequent occurrence and of immense proportions.

Hamlet P. Pillsbury of Maine, who has just been appointed Colonel of Internal Revenue for the Eastern District of Massachusetts, is another member of the last class to hospital on Abraham Lincoln during the darkest days of the War. Even the free England conspiracy papers stand upheld at the integrity or stupidity of the Administration in appointing its "cronies."

The secret Act's service of the Iron Department of the United States of the Republic at Newport was shocked by between the and 1,000 delegates from the 44 mile to the State, every county being represented. The Quartermaster-General's report showed a balance on hand of $1,000. It estimated the receipts of the Department for the next year at $2,000 and the expenses at $1,000.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone, in replying to an inquiry by Sir Stafford Northcote, said that there was no intention of laying further papers touching the Afghanistan question upon the table before asking for a vote upon the war credits already adopted by the House. "The Government," Mr. Gladstone continued, "has engaged in a correspondence of extreme gravity with Russia. It has hopefully sent to make a complete statement of the nature of that correspondence, while no partial statement could be given without the greatest risk of causing misapprehension."

It was reported on 'Change yesterday that 100,000 bushels of wheat had been shipped through by rail to New York on 15 cards per 100 pounds. The report had a very depressing effect on lake freights. Vessmen have been holding their boats at 2½ cents a bushel per corn to Buffalo, or 4½ cents to New York via Erie Canal, which is three-fifths of a cent higher than the regular all-rail rate. When the break does set the rate on grain to New York down to 15 cents last year, lake freights to Buffalo declined to 1½ cents a bushel. The present situation, if any has been made, is likely to prove a severe blow to the shipping interests of the Great Lakes, as freights of every other kind are much lower than at the corresponding period last year.

The Chicago produce markets were quiet and easier yesterday. There was not enough of any grain to excite the fancy of the shorts, and over-bought conditions of the market were more than ever emphasized by the lower prices. This disposed many holders to realize, and others wanted protection in probability. Accompanied with Wednesday, with about 40,000 lower, corn and oats to lower, either 1c lower, corn 1c lower, oats 1c lower, but barley and flaxseed firm. Arrangements were made to ship not a little over 200,000 bushels of wheat, presumably for Atlantic export.

An explosion, supposed to have been caused by dynamite, occurred in the Admiralty Office at London yesterday forenoon, and for a while caused great excitement. Admiral Sandford's Secretary was seriously wounded. The police regard the event as the result of private malice, as Mr. Sandford was greatly disliked by a number of persons, including several employés of the office. It is certain that the infernal machine was placed in a hardware box just over the coat where Mr. Sandford's head would be when sitting at his desk. The detectives are positive the outrage was the work of an employé, as no stranger could pass the janitor without exciting a lot of a thousand shouting he had business with some of the inmates of the department, and the janitor says he did knowingly admit no person this during the last twenty-four hours.

CHICAGO LAW REFORM.

There seems to be great disposition in the Legislature to improve the efficiency of criminal jurisprudence in this State, though it is still uncertain how far the citizens will be united. Several bills have been introduced to a large attending that passage which will prove beneficial to society, though not directly to the line of reform which has been urged by THE TRIBUNE.

One of these subordinate measures is the Harmon bill, which has passed the House, authorizing the Judges of Criminal Courts to order a special panel of 100 jurors when they think it desirable. The panel under the present law consists of twenty-four persons and is usually exhausted by challenges or two other before the jury is half filled. Then it becomes necessary to complete the jury from the bodies and professional jurors, who, being about the courts. The necessity to summon a special panel which would be gathered together by the Judge's personal habit under instructions from the court would accept be of material assistance in securing a good jury. This law, suggested by judicial decisions in the practice of charges of cases like continuances, will greatly improve the administration of justice in the criminal courts.

The Harmon bill increasing the penalties for burglary will also be of value in suppressing crimes of that order. It provides that persons unlawfully entering dwellings may be punished by imprisonment for not less than five years nor more than twenty years, and if a deadly weapon, fire, or explosives be found upon them it shall be accepted that they had a murderous intent, and the punishment may be extended to imprisonment for life. If this law is rigorously enforced it will protect the cities and towns of Illinois from professional burglars, who will seek a field where they do not risk such heavy penalties. But no other law possesses the necessities of life so much as one providing criminals (will be convicted) pass the other bills which have been proposed, to enable the public prosecutors to bring criminals to trial and to break away the sickly and sentimentalism which insists the criminal lawyers with the means to postpone trials indefinitely.

The Bail bill directed against both officers and the trustees of funds who gamble with other people's money is also a commendable measure. It is made a felony for such persons to deal in "options" and "futures"—in other words, to gamble in grain and stocks—and the punishment is fixed at not less than one nor more than three years in the penitentiary. The large number of betrayed of trusts to gratify the speculating mania which have been exposed during the last year render this bill timely and necessary. The men who speculate should realize, in most deserving of the sentiment that the man who steals a loan to give to a starving family.

The favorable consideration which these various measures are receiving inspires the hope that this Legislature may, after all, be of some service to the State. It can do nothing which will show so much for the struggling men as to strip a criminal even of the State into better shape and make the punishment of crime certain and sure. The people will forgive much in a Legislature which shall enforce the work of reformation wisely.

SECOND WARD APPOINTMENT.

The dispatch which it is reported Senda is about to make upon Grant Britain for the assembly of Afghanistan got to confirm the statement which has been made in the Administration. It has not been rejected, but since its appointment has taken occasion to signal to a bragged-about its confirmation of harsh terms the Government and people of Ireland. Wisely acting in the same and discretion exhibit to a diplomatic officer, he takes the very course to make it certain that the King of Ireland will refuse to receive him at all. Bidwell's time seems to be that he is to see never serve as Minister to all at least suppress the question to come before the public and gain something of a reputation as a bragger.

At a public meeting in Gismond Vallombray evening Bidwell repeated his utterances, and denounced regarding the relations of the Pope from the political government of Rome, and gave utterance to the following sentiment in justifying his previous declarations:

"The position was still a fundamental article of political faith, and the interests of the people of Italy, and the interests of the people of the world, that the Pope should be restored to the rights of that sovereignty and a free to the exercise of his spiritual functions, and that the freedom of the Papacy should be guaranteed by the nations, not by reference for that question to the governments of any particular nation, but by the combination of all governments to enable the Pope could independent of any."

Bidwell's idea of sovereign authority seems to be about on a level with that of Italian, who said Minister to England, who from such letters to governments of the people at all. Bidwell believes that the Pope had a sort of divine right to rule the people of Rome, or purchase of their will, and that any measures on their part was an offense against the law of nations! That may be the only meaning of the utterance to the exemption of Rome by Victor Emmanuel as a "subversion of rightful authority" and "a blow at the freedom and security of the State." In the view the rights of the people receive no consideration at all."

The people of the United States were peculiarly unanimous in their rebellion against the temporal authority of the Pope and the political rule of the priests. Writing as they were a subservient to France "infallible" is a laughable nonsense and the righteous soul of the Church, they were determined not to submit to its political rule, but to another name. Under all things that were to the Pope. The consequence was that the "invasion" which also the souls of Italy was the subject of universal ridicule among the Roman laity, and Victor Emmanuel accepted Rome without firing a gun. The overthrow of the political power of the Pope caused general rejoicing, and was hailed as the victory of the masses over a priestly rule that had become intolerable, and had been imposed on them for years by French bayonets. The religious authority of the Pope was not interfered with, or abridged in any way, but the Catholics of the Papal States received what they were then, and from a temporal rule which they did not favor, property vested in the Pope, whose supremacy they acknowledged only in ecclesiastical matters and at the head of the Church.

Bidwell's Rome Government a right to dictate to a power against their will and not raised only by the fiercest zeal a great many have a divine right to govern others pretended to against their will. Any confidence in such a ghostly Government Every regards as an attempt to subvert rightful authority, and is accordingly meets with the denunciation. There may be a 6-50 part for Bidwell in Rome, but it is certainly not that of Minister from the United States to the Italian court. His inopportune power can add but a diplomatic front, and his tenure in the Government and people of Italy make it certain that he can never be received at their court.

THE CHICAGO MURDER CASE.

A novel and prolonged legal controversy has just been ended in Iowa by the decision of the Supreme Court in the suit known as the United Workmen case. It is estimated that the ruling affects $10,000,000 of money upon interests in the sixteen States of United Workmen, and it is therefore a matter of great interest not only to Iowa but wherever fraternal and mutual benefit organizations exist. The opinion of the court was unanimous, and it is therefore a matter of congratulation and no such a strictly enforced in the laws of the State. This reverses the ruling of the court below.

The Supreme Lodge of the order is located in Cedar Rapids, and several years ago it made assessments on the Grand Lodge of Iowa to pay death losses in Indiana and other States. This the Iowa Lodge refused to do on the ground that to do however believe it was a State corporation, and therefore the Supreme Lodge suspended it and proceeded to organize another Grand Lodge in Iowa. Some of the members of the old Lodge seceded and formed a contest for the new organization. They held that the organization was primarily a fraternal in character and that they were properly subject to the control of the Supreme Lodge. And was brought to test the question of how serious the old and new lodges, and to the Iowa court it was held that the association was fraternal in character and that the Supreme Lodge was fully sustained. In the Supreme Court the ruling has been reversed, and it is declared that to put the order in a social benefit insurance corporation with no social and fraternal features one or many members. It is held accordingly that the Supreme Lodge in Kentucky, which is a corporation and organized under the laws of Iowa and has no right to do business in that State.

The decision is of great importance not only to the order concerned, but to many other similar organizations. There has been an extraordinary growth of social, benefit societies of late and in the Western States in recent years. Many of these are organized purely as a business basis, while others are distinguished by temporal and social features. The decision in the United Workmen case shows how important it is that in their incorporation these points should be so carefully and positively specified to the end of the State where they exist. The tendency of the courts will no doubt be to hold them of business corporations as far as their business features are concerned. Objection social and fraternal societies might be used as a check to evade without intervention and evade the laws of the State. Most persons joining such societies do so with a strictly subsidiary to the laws of the State. This reverses the ruling of the court below.

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THE RAILROAD WAR FAIRMAN.

The railroad war seems to overshadow matters of local or community in the hurry has contemplated it on the one. It is now indispensable to the successful result of negotiations, and, of other things being even, that France which has the most acreage of railroad and the best transportation equipment has an immense advantage on its side and is likely to be victorious. The first necessity is not bravery, morals, or military, devotion, elan, or resistance; these, but a railroad upon which they can be quickly transported from place to place. They may spread with speed and decide and overload with light equipments and not impedimenta, transportation of any kind was a secondary question, but since the advent of the railroad and the increase of the expeditiousness of an army, growing out of the development of the railroads, armies are digging primarily upon the ability to get over the ground rapidly.

Unquestionably the English military men who objected to Gen. Wolseley's plan of the Soudan campaign and urged that he should by all more severe, and had he followed their advice the war would have been both earlier and better than it is. Had the English been in possession of the Nile from Cairo to Khartoum, and had they had a railroad from Cairo to Assouan, and thence by steamer to Khartoum, they could have reached the latter place in a week from the time they left Cairo, and with their superior discipline and equipments would have had no difficulty in defeating the Soudan army, which is a mere mob, and in relieving Gordon. But the English have a comparatively easy route through railway, but the English route is an inconvenient and rough one, it is estimated every man would require a week. Such communities as these quite as numerous above upon the supply requirements of an army, but they can be avoided by railroad facilities. It may well be imagined that both Prussia have been fighting for time, and that if war is declared they will push their railroads toward those ends of possible dispatch.

Across the Legislature voted not to amend the ordinance so as to rob East Chicago, there was granted to Messrs to go and to use of the authority to appoint a committee without such as to constitute a conspiracy law. The committee was to arrange the committee so as to embrace all the members who wished to go on a lobbying expedition, and to instruct at our door as though it would result in organizing the work of the Legislature for a couple of weeks. But the Republican committee charged with the general direction of party affairs has wisely adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, By the Republican Executive Committee, that no delegation of the Republican Legislature convening in Chicago, Republican and Democratic, is to be allowed to meet, in the rooms of the Republican State Committee, with a view to the consideration of any measure now pending before the Legislature.

This action will probably defeat the proposed convention, which would be a handsome campaign card for the Democrats, but it would be a disgrace to the people. The Legislature ought to have had its business finished and be ready to adjourn now, but it has actually accomplished nothing. To go off on a big spree for a couple of weeks under these circumstances, and especially at the expenditure of $1,000 a day run against the people, would be more than public patience would endure. Mr. Horton can be spared well enough if he wants a vacation, but a quorum of the Legislature should remain at its post, pass the appropriation bills and the ten-million measure, elect a United States Senator, and adjourn at the earliest practicable day.

It is reported from Vienna that the principal newspapers there has declared against the proposed commercial treaty between Russia and the United States, and that a scheme has been formulated by several leading Austrian journals to organize a boycott against the whole Government and people of this country. It is declared that if the Russian Government will only enter into such commercial relations with the United States as will be mutually beneficial to both countries, Austria will be compelled to follow suit, and the whole boycott scheme will fall to the ground. The Austrian papers are evidently acting under instructions from the Russian Government, and the latter is evidently anxious to secure the treaty with the United States.

The action of the Democratic Legislature in refusing to allow the Republican State Committee to meet in Chicago and consult with the Republican members of the Legislature as to the best course to pursue in the present crisis is a most unfortunate one for the Democratic party. The Democratic Legislature is now in session, and it is the duty of the Democratic State Committee to meet in Chicago and consult with the Democratic members of the Legislature as to the best course to pursue in the present crisis. The Democratic Legislature is now in session, and it is the duty of the Democratic State Committee to meet in Chicago and consult with the Democratic members of the Legislature as to the best course to pursue in the present crisis.

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On the whole, I take the new ballots the safest, prettiest, to secret vote conceivable. They are now voted upon in the State of Indiana.

Mr. Davenport is writing a new poem. He hopes a few books to bring out the poem in season, succeed in getting out of it, in the course of circulation, $10 a, of the singing kind.

Chicago under the new Incorporation. There are strong indications, too, that other bait is about the town hunting the bulk.

Gen. Washington has obtained a piece of subscription from Boston citizens to Bob Ingersoll to assassinate a no reserved seat. "Assassinated again" would not be opposed to the Latter. For reserved seat tickets to getting up a row out of which to run down extravagance and economize on the expenses of the head of the prosecution of public characters.

A Minneapolis genius of the Southern dialect has made himself unpleasant in Cincinnati for the pastime of "Old Darky and is in the course of the recent visit: "The Northern people are queer folks, Mr. Pinkerton and their general way too bold, and they will call you friend if you grace the occasion." This is a sad way of describing the Pinkerton that he rules his personal motive in his or his duties, and that their assistance upon it in this lobbying. That will be the Democratic Legislature will not be disposed to adjourn before the 1st of May.

Gen. Sheridan was a little bothered by the race of office at Springfield over the position of Private Secretary, but he dropped through. Mr. Horton succeeds with the hearty good wishes of the common people. He is an exceptionally magnetic, but not a negligent person in his habits.

The statement that Private Secretary Cleveland has brought into prominence by the speculative gas on several men. Such names as have quite often enough at some time in the city to mention. Last Saturday one, an enthusiastic young man have told the President that the election of Governor makes a vice to the appoint a "dark horse."

Postmaster-Gardner Fitz has written a letter to Senator Sawyer of Wisconsin about the insolence to the front the spoils and in regard to the reason that Republican Postmasters are not removed faster than they were. He urges everyone on the part of Congress to assist in the removal of as much a working of loyalty and worth as of talents.

The correspondence now going around among the Democratic papers of the State is very interesting. It seems to have been started by the Democratic Legislature, and the object is to secure the removal of the Republican Postmasters and to secure the appointment of Democrats. The correspondence is very interesting, and the Democratic papers are very much interested in it.

Gen. Logan is still confined to his bed from the effects of overwork, and the Postmaster is not in very good health. Nobody is now a close enough friend to the Administration to be admitted to the sick room. The correspondence is very interesting, and the Democratic papers are very much interested in it.

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FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

An Explosion at the British Admiralty Office—The Cause a Mystery.

Prince Kropotkin to Be Released Sunday—The Prince of Wales at Salford.

Celebration of Shakespeare's Birthday—The "Requiem Service"—Albert Hall Anthem Used in Madrid.

CARSON PIRIE & Co.

Madison and Peoria sts.

SHOES.

SPECIAL SALE!

Today and Tomorrow.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Boots, with Flexible Soles, at $4.00; well worth $5.00.

Ladies' Fine Cur. Kid Button Boots, regular price $3.75; reduced to $3.00.

Ladies' Fine Patria Goat Button Boots, regular price $3.50; reduced to $3.00.

Ladies' Fine Kid Toy Button Boots, regular price $3.25; reduced to $2.50.

Ladies' Fine Cur. Kid Opera Slippers, regular price $2.50; reduced to $2.00.

Misses' Fine Cur. Kid, Spring Heels, regular price $2.25; reduced to $1.75.

Children's Solid Sole Leather Tip Button Boots, sizes 5 to 10 1-2, widths A, B, C, D, regular price $2.50 and $1.75; reduced to $2.00.

Infants' Fine Kid Button Boots, regular price 65 cts.; reduced to 50 cts.

We continue to sell our celebrated Walking Boots, in Straight Goat, with Extension Soles, at $2.75; worth $3.50.

Special Notice!

We will receive and place on sale

Saturday Morning

50

ODD OF THOSE

Brocade Velvet Mantles

Chenille Trimmed, Silk Lined, sizes 34 to 40.

At $7.50

EACH.

A positive bargain at $10.00.

Chas. Gossage & Co.

State and Washington sts.

We are offering a full line of VERY DESIRABLE

Colored Surah SILKS,

All fashion colors, in light and dark shades, at

90c per Yard,

And an excellent quality of

SUMMER SILK,

IN

TWENTY DIFFERENT COLORS,

at

50c per Yard.

To Rent With Power.

HASKIN'S CELEBRATED UPHOLSTERY.

Chas. Gossage & Co.

State and Washington sts.

Gents' Furnishing.

A unique favorable purchase enables us to offer

500 Gents' Imported English and French

Walking Sticks,

IN

Plain Silver, Hammered Silver, and Hand-Carved Ivory Bulb,

At the Extraordinarily Low Price of

50 cts. Each.

GENTS' FINE

Spring Neckwear,

OF

The Most Recent Styles,

AT

50 cts. Each.

ENGLISH HALF HOSE

IN

Plain and Fancy Colorings,

AT

50 cents per Pair.

THE GREAT SAUCE OF THE WORLD.

LEA & PERRINS

John Duncan's Sons,

THE COUNCIL.

An Owen Ordinance Substitute Fails to Pass in Spite of Democratic Blunders.

The Attempt to Establish a Uniform License Rate with No Success.

And the Threats Heard to Raise or Lose Two, Fifty and Fifty to Fifteen.

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Commander J. H. Gillis, U. S. N., is at the Leland.

Comptroller Conrad Wanee yesterday arrived from New York.

Jay C. Stone, of Cleveland, O., and S. M. Nicholas, of Minneapolis, Minn., are at the Palmer.

S. C. Reynolds, Toledo, O.; Maj. W. S. Wilson, U. S. A., and Frank Kelton, Washington, D. C., are at the Grand Pacific.

IN GENERAL.

The harmonies in the Pullman report which is to be made public to-day will not, it is said, be all played in Chicago operahouse. The tune was about $100,000.

Although Attorney William Schmidt, of Evanston, was hitting on the pace in the first of Tuesday's races, he was not the only one who was disposed. His confession is not known.

The grand jury considered only seven of an ordinary number yesterday, there being adequate time before Judge Horton's court, one of them against Roger Sullivan's daughter and wife for assault.

The sixty-sixth anniversary of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows was commemorated at Hamilton Lodge, No. 20, in a meeting held last night. The lodge had eight candidates to receive the degree.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Sergeant Charles Hastings, was as follows: Maximum, 71 deg., at 3 p. m.; minimum, 47 deg., at 6 a. m.; mean, 59 deg.; average for corresponding day last year, 58 deg.; average for corresponding day for twenty-four years, 58 deg.

Lizzie Goodman was fined $25 by Justice O'Brien for assaulting a street-car driver. She lives at No. 242 West Washington street. Her husband was sent to the bridewell for a month, with orders to support his family, and Lizzie was fined $10 for the assault, which is in addition to the sum levied on her husband.

Joseph Bertram, of No. 46 Michigan avenue, who was arrested on the charge of having set fire to his residence, stands to profit by the insurance on the property, which is $10,000. Bertram is a carpenter by trade, and is employed by the Illinois Central railroad. He is said to have had financial difficulties.

A meeting of the old members of Wicker Park Post, G. A. R., last night at the Pythian hall resulted in the organization of a new post, to be known as Wicker Park Post, No. 573. The following officers were elected: Commander, Frank Hoffman; senior vice commander, Frank Hoffman; junior vice commander, Frank Hoffman; quartermaster, Frank Hoffman; surgeon, Frank Hoffman; chaplain, Frank Hoffman; officer of the day, Frank Hoffman; officer of the guard, Frank Hoffman; adjutant, Frank Hoffman.

The first public entertainment of the Knox College Academy was given last night in the Union Methodist church. The members of the academy, consisting of about forty boys, rendered a musical program, consisting of vocal and instrumental selections, and the exercises were interspersed with declamations and recitations by members of the academy.

Frank H. Mills, who represents Shepherd Brooks, of Boston, the owner of the Tremont House in that city, and considers that the interests of Boston and Chicago are identical, and he cannot but protest that every improvement and the greatest good would be best subserved by the fullest and freest intercourse between the cities of Boston and Chicago, and that the building of the proposed new Tremont House would be a step in the right direction.

The grand jury considered only seven of an ordinary number yesterday, there being adequate time before Judge Horton's court, one of them against Roger Sullivan's daughter and wife for assault.

The sixty-sixth anniversary of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows was commemorated at Hamilton Lodge, No. 20, in a meeting held last night. The lodge had eight candidates to receive the degree.

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For some time the members of the Carpenters' Executive committee of Illinois have been in communication with the officials of Hart, Conover & Co., Rockford, whose contracts, their chief, are not signed by the latter. An agreement was made, and T. Conover's daughter and Miss Elizabeth Chapman's son were married at the home of the bride's parents, No. 1,000 Fifth avenue, Rockford, Tuesday evening, April 23, at 8 o'clock. The house was prettily decorated with palms and a number of appropriate floral designs. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Hall, pastor of the First Congregational church. The bridesmaid was Miss Mary Conover, sister of the bride, and the groomsman was Mr. Chapman, brother of the groom. After the ceremony a reception was held, at which the bridal party received the congratulations of their friends. The bride received many handsome presents, among which was a check for $1,000 from her father. The groom's gift to the bride was a diamond pendant. The bridesmaid received a handsome gold watch, and the groomsman a diamond stickpin. Mr. and Mrs. Chapman left on the 11:30 train for Chicago, where they will reside.

Joseph Conghlin, 141 Division street, No. 21 Commercial street, has, it is said, been committed for trial, the result of a letter, the contents of which, it is alleged, he wrote to Mrs. Conghlin, living at No. 21 Commercial street, in which he threatened to kill her and her children. Conghlin has been married twice, and has been living with Mrs. Conghlin for about two years. He is said to have been drinking heavily of late, and to have threatened to kill his wife and children. Conghlin is a carpenter by trade, and is thought to be insane.

Louis Goodman was fined $25 by Justice O'Brien for assaulting a street-car driver. He lives at No. 242 West Washington street. His wife was sent to the bridewell for a month, with orders to support his family, and Louis was fined $10 for the assault, which is in addition to the sum levied on her husband.

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George F. Schmidt and Charles A. Wheeler, Board Secretary, have issued quite cordially for a visit to Judge Horton's court of examining in relation to a charge preferred against Mr. Wheeler by Mr. Schmidt, in which the latter charges the former with embezzlement of a large amount of money. The hearing will be held next Monday, and the case will be watched with interest by the friends of both parties.

Frank Holden, the ex-Fahnenjunker-General, captured at the Pardo yesterday from Washington. Frank asked if he were going back to the Southwestern Hotel for Mr. Hanson and he had not decided what to do as he was out of office. Then the necessity for the Fahnenjunker-General here for the Chicago to the Democratic party for the Democratic party for the Democratic party for

LOCAL POLITICS.

AT WASHINGTON.

LAKE MARINE

POLITICAL.

THE SLATES OF TEXAS MEN

SHAKSPEARE AND BACON.

A New Discovery of Value to the Admirers of the Gentle Swan.

A Cipher Story Written by Lord Bacon Discovered in the Text of Shakspeare.

Ex-Congressman Donnelly's Ingenious Theory as Stated by Its Inventor.

[illegible]

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2x3 Yards at
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Satin
Damask Nap
$3.00 Per D
CARSO
PIRIE &
TODA
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At 58c each
LOT 2.
150 Doze
And 50 Doze
48c each!
TO RENT
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